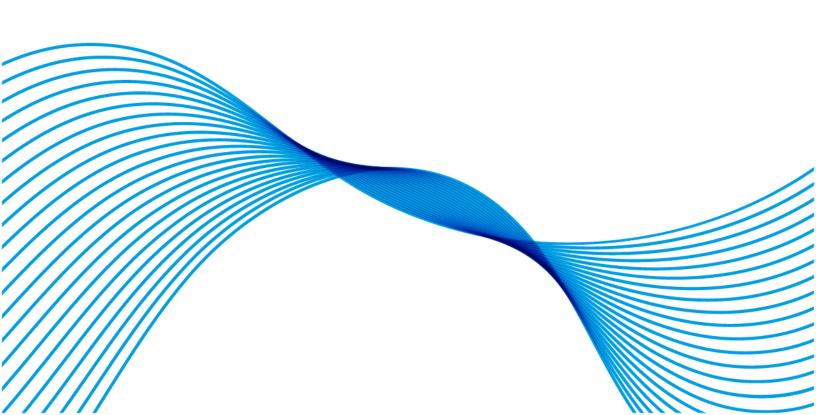
PRI Principles for Responsible Investment

PUBLIC TRANSPARENCY REPORT

2023

DIF Capital Partners

Generated 15-12-2023



About this report

PRI reporting is the largest global reporting project on responsible investment. It was developed with investors, for investors.

PRI signatories are required to report publicly on their responsible investment activities each year. In turn, they receive a number of outputs, including a public and private Transparency Report.

The public Transparency Reports, which are produced using signatories' reported information, provide accountability and support signatories to have internal discussions about their practices and to discuss these with their clients, beneficiaries, and other stakeholders.

This public Transparency Report is an export of the signatory's responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2023 reporting period. It includes the signatory's responses to core indicators, as well as responses to plus indicators that the signatory has agreed to make public.

In response to signatory feedback, the PRI has not summarised signatories' responses – the information in this document is presented exactly as it was reported.

For each of the indicators in this document, all options selected by the signatory are presented, including links and qualitative responses. In some indicators, all applicable options are included for additional context.

Disclaimers

Responsible investment definitions

Within the PRI Reporting Framework Glossary, we provide definitions for key terms to guide reporting on responsible investment practices in the Reporting Framework. These definitions may differ from those used or proposed by other authorities and regulatory bodies due to evolving industry perspectives and changing legislative landscapes. Users of this report should be aware of these variations, as they may impact interpretations of the information provided.

Data accuracy

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2023 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

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SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT (SLS)

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Senior Leadership Statement	GENERAL

Section 1. Our commitment

Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?

• What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment, and what major responsible investment commitment(s) have you made?

Responsible investment has been an intrinsic part of our DNA since the founders of DIF prepared a business plan for investing in the European public-private partnership (PPP) sector in 2003, which resulted in the establishment of the first DIF fund in 2005 and subsequent funds focused on the renewable energy sector. From the start, we have focused on making infrastructure investments that deliver essential services to society and still do so today. We realized that being a responsible investor is not just about investing in certain sectors such as infrastructure, but a way of doing business and an approach that already was core to investment philosophy.

DIF became a UNPRI signatory in 2011 and began to develop formal governance specifically for responsible investment practices in 2017, with a dedicated ESG team in place from 2018. The ESG team drove the development and implementation of numerous ESG tools and processes being developed, resulting in ESG being fully integrated into the investment cycle today, from fundraising and origination to divestment.

Responsible investment and ESG is integral to DIF's strategy and is a vehicle to drive value for our internal and external stakeholders as follows:

> Value Creation for Investors: Managing ESG factors is part of delivering sound financial returns for our investors. We are aware of the longevity of infrastructure assets and, as a result, take a long-term view of value. Engaging in responsible investment helps us to manage long-term risks.

> Value Creation for Society: Infrastructure is about providing services to society, and keeping consumers, local communities, and workers top priority is key to being successful in the long-term in the investments we make.

> Value Creation for Employees: Motivated people are essential to achieving success as a firm. Being a responsible investor is key to providing a fulfilling work environment for our employees.

DIF's overall approach to responsible investment



ESG integration

DIF believes that improving ESG performance contributes to creating long-term value, so ESG has been fully integrated into all stages of the investment cycle at DIF. This starts with the fund-specific ESG strategy, which is articulated and embedded within the ESG mandate and contractual documentation. During origination DIF uses proprietary tools to screen all potential investments against fund-specific exclusions, to identify the environmental and social characteristics that the investment supports, and to identify potential material ESG topics. Due diligence is conducted to refine our understanding of the nature of potential ESG risks and opportunities. Actions to manage risk and realise opportunities are documented in the 100-day value creation plan for the investment and further embedded into the long term value creation plan for the asset. Further to the value creation plan, DIF's ESG stewardship programs include ESG Path, which tracks key performance metrics on an annual basis, including an asset-specific annual ESG Action Plan, and DIF's Net Zero Program to engage and support assets on their net zero journey.

Commitments

DIF has an ongoing commitment to being a responsible investor, as a signatory to the United Nations Principles of Responsible Investment ("UNPRI"). In addition, DIF is committed to the goal of Net Zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050, or sooner, in line with global efforts on climate change because of the Paris Agreement. DIF is also a signatory to the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative through which we published our interim target of achieving 70% alignment (or better) of our portfolio with net zero by 2030. At a fund level, our most recent funds are classified as Article 8 under the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) and have a commitment to make investments that contribute to fund selected Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Advocacy

DIF believes that as a global fund manager, we can play a role in sharing good practices. Therefore, we participate in industry-level ESG policy and regulatory advocacy through our membership in the Institutional Investor Group on Climate Change (IIGCC) and the Global Infrastructure Investor Association (GIIA). This translates into transparency in our approach to managing ESG factors, annual ESG reporting, and contributing to internal and external ESG initiatives and events. By embracing responsibility as a core value, DIF goes beyond mere compliance and actively seeks to create positive and sustainable change. DIF recognizes that addressing ESG factors is a moral imperative and strategic business opportunity.

Section 2. Annual overview

Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.

Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. Details might include, for example, outlining your single most important achievement or describing your general progress on topics such as the following (where applicable):

- · refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
- · stewardship activities with investees and/or with policymakers
- collaborative engagements
- · attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

Continuous improvement

DIF aims to continuously improve its ESG approach. An important milestone in our continuous improvement process is the annual review and update of the ESG policy. The latest version of our ESG policy was published on our website in June 2023 and included the below key improvements:

> ESG screening and Due Diligence:



DIF has revised the ESG screening tool to improve exclusion screening, ESG risk identification and ESG due diligence scoping. Exclusion screening now also considers questions on the contribution of an investment to Fund specific SDGs and the potential for an investment to align to Net Zero. Risk identification provides further guidance on resources to consider in performing the assessment, including the new Climate Risk Tool, and asks investment teams to provide a justification for their assessment. Lastly, it supports investment teams with identifying relevant ESG factors to cover in due diligence and/or their IC proposal to support the development of value creation plans.

> Net Zero:

DIF's Net Zero interim targets for 2030 and 2040 were formally accepted by the Net Zero Asset Managers initiative in September 2022. In parallel DIF also started to develop its strategy to ensure that the targets set are met over time. DIF hired an ESG director with a dedicated focus on developing and implementing DIF's Net Zero strategy. Tools and procedures were developed to support our Net Zero engagement and earlier this year a Net Zero engagement pilot was conducted with six portfolio companies to test our approach. The lessons learned from the pilot will be used to further develop our Net Zero engagement approach before engaging the wider portfolio.

> ESG integration into the Value Creation framework:

Earlier this year DIFs Value Creation framework was launched. Within this Value Creation framework three ESG levers are formalized, ESG risk mitigation, ESG value drivers, and decarbonization, that will be part of the value creation plans developed for each of our investments. By integrating these ESG levers into value creation plan development DIF is strengthening the link between ESG factors and delivering sustainable returns to our investors.

> Reporting:

DIF's approach for reporting on ESG matters at the fund level has switched from standalone reporting to integrated reporting as part of the quarterly fund reports. Q1 reporting now covers regulatory ESG matters for relevant funds (including the distribution of regulatory ESG data based on the European ESG Template), Q2 reporting now covers progress on Net Zero and GHG data, and Q3 reporting now covers the outcomes of our annual ESG Path engagement.

Achievements during the reporting period

During the reporting period we have grown our ESG team and continued our focus on continuous improvement as reflected above. Below we have listed the main achievements during the same period.

> SFDR implementation:

DIF's three latest investment funds were classified as Article 8 under the European Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation "SFDR". During the reporting period these funds made the first investments that comply with the Article 8 ESG strategy developed by DIF. DIF has also provided the first annual reports for these funds including the regulatory disclosure annex and revised the relevant disclosures for these funds based on the latest requirements set under SFDR.

> ESG engagement:

The results of our 2022 ESG Path engagement were presented in our Annual ESG report for 2022 and fund level Q3 reporting. We recently concluded our 2023 ESG Path engagement which again covered most of our portfolio. Results were already used to support our reporting to investors and as input for our Climate Report. Further results will be presented in our 2023 Annual ESG report. > Publications:

In 2022 DIF published its fifth annual ESG Report. With this report DIF highlighted the latest developments on DIF's ESG approach and the results achieved with the annual ESG Path engagement. In June of 2023 DIF published its first stand-alone Climate Report which is aligned with the recommendations of the Taskforce for Climate-related Financial Disclosure.

> Advocacy:

In 2022 DIF's Net Zero interim reduction targets were accepted by the Net Zero Asset Managers initiative and published on their website. With this target, DIF has further formalised its Net Zero commitment and kicked off Net Zero engagement with investments. In November 2022, DIF hosted a conference on Net Zero and cybersecurity, attended by both our investors and representatives from portfolio companies. In 2023 on International Women's Day, DIF hosted a panel livestream for all DIF staff that reflected on numerous topics, including gender equality in the financial industry, inspiring role models, allyship, unconscious bias and personal experiences. Throughout the period DIF has been an active member of working groups of the IIGCC and GIIA on relevant ESG issues such as Net Zero.

Section 3. Next steps

What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?



In the fall of 2023 DIF will be working to formalize the ESG strategy for the coming two years. While the exact details of this ESG strategy are still to be worked out, the following key themes are likely to be addressed in the coming two years.

ESG as part of Value Creation

With the introduction of the Value Creation framework ESG is integrated into the value creation plan development for our investments. An initial set of tools and procedures to support investment teams on the integration of ESG in their value creation plans has already been introduced with the latest revision of DIF's ESG Policy. In the coming two years further resources, knowledge, and training will need to be developed to further support investment teams in this process.

Net Zero

DIF launched a Net Zero pilot as part of its overall Net Zero strategy earlier this year. The aim is to review lessons learned from this initial engagement and improve our Net Zero approach before rolling out our engagement to the wider portfolio. Progressing on Net Zero will be a key theme for the coming two years to ensure that we are well positioned towards meeting our first interim target in 2030.

ESG Data Governance

We started collecting ESG data over five years ago. Since then, expectations on the scope and quality of data collected have significantly increased. Our current data collection approach still heavily relies on Excel-based questionnaires and shared folders. In the coming two years, we will need to rethink this approach and work towards a more robust system that also allows for third-party assurance to be provided. At the other end, we also see an increasing need for standardized reporting from our investors. Earlier this year we took the first step by adopting the European ESG Template for reporting on regulatory data. In the coming two years, we will need to further develop our reporting capabilities to support our investors in meeting their data requirements.

Further regulatory requirements

As highlighted earlier we have implemented the relevant disclosure to be compliant with SFDR. In the coming years, we will need to strengthen our processes to ensure we remain robust in compliance. Also, we will need to consider further regulatory requirements as they become relevant to DIF and our investments. On the short term this means meeting CSRD requirements but given the suite of sustainable finance regulations being developed further requirements may be expected.

Section 4. Endorsement

'The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment'.

Name

Gijs Voskuyl

Position

Deputy CEO

Organisation's Name

DIF Capital Partners

A

'This endorsement applies only to the Senior Leadership Statement and should not be considered an endorsement of the information reported by the above-mentioned organisation in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement serves as a general overview of the above-mentioned organisation's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such. Further, it is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions'. • **B**



ORGANISATIONAL OVERVIEW (OO)

ORGANISATIONAL INFORMATION

REPORTING YEAR

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Reporting year	GENERAL
What is the year-end date of the 12-month period you have chosen to report for PRI reporting purposes?						
What is the year	ar-end date of the 12-m	onth period you ha	ve chosen to rep	port for PRI rep	orting purposes?	
What is the yea	ar-end date of the 12-m	onth period you ha Date	ve chosen to rej	Month		Year

SUBSIDIARY INFORMATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 2	CORE	N/A	00 2.1	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries?

○ (A) Yes● (B) No

ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

ALL ASSET CLASSES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 4	CORE	00 3	N/A	PUBLIC	All asset classes	GENERAL
What are your t	total assets under man	agement (AUM) at	the end of the r	eporting year, a	as indicated in [OO 1	.]?
		USD				
including sub excluding the	our organisation, sidiaries, and e AUM subject to lvisory, custody, or isory only	US\$ 18,200,000,0	00.00			
PRI signatorio and excluded	ubsidiaries that are es in their own right I from this as indicated in [OO	US\$ 0.00				
	ject to execution, tody, or research	US\$ 0.00				

ASSET BREAKDOWN

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5	CORE	OO 3	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total AUM at the end of the reporting year as indicated in [OO 1].



(1) Percentage of Internally managed AUM

(2) Percentage of Externally managed AUM

(A) Listed equity	0%	0%
(B) Fixed income	0%	0%
(C) Private equity	0%	0%
(D) Real estate	0%	0%
(E) Infrastructure	>75%	0%
(F) Hedge funds	0%	0%
(G) Forestry	0%	0%
(H) Farmland	0%	0%
(I) Other	0%	0%
(J) Off-balance sheet	0%	0%

ASSET BREAKDOWN: INTERNALLY MANAGED INFRASTRUCTURE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5.3 INF	CORE	00 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Internally managed infrastructure	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your internally managed infrastructure AUM.

(A) Data infrastructure	>10-50%
(B) Diversified	0%
(C) Energy and water resources	>10-50%



(D) Environmental services	0%
(E) Network utilities	>10-50%
(F) Power generation (excl. renewables)	>0-10%
(G) Renewable power	>10-50%
(H) Social infrastructure	>0-10%
(I) Transport	>10-50%
(J) Other	>0-10%
(J) Other - Specify:	

Energy transitions - EV charging, Battery leasing

GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 7	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Geographical breakdown	GENERAL

How much of your AUM in each asset class is invested in emerging markets and developing economies?

AUM in Emerging Markets and Developing Economies

(H)	Infrastructure
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(2) >0 to 10%



STEWARDSHIP

STEWARDSHIP

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle	
OO 8	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Stewardship	GENERAL	
Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities, excluding (proxy) voting, for any of your assets?							
			(7) In	frastructure			
(A) Yes, thro	ugh internal staff						

(B) Yes, through service providers	
(C) Yes, through external managers	
(D) We do not conduct stewardship	0

ESG INCORPORATION

INTERNALLY MANAGED ASSETS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your investment decisions?



0

(K) Infrastructure

۲

ESG/SUSTAINABILITY FUNDS AND PRODUCTS

LABELLING AND MARKETING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18	CORE	00 11–14	00 18.1	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	1

Do you explicitly market any of your products and/or funds as ESG and/or sustainable?

ullet (A) Yes, we market products and/or funds as ESG and/or sustainable

Provide the percentage of AUM that your ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products or funds represent:

>10-50%

- \circ (B) No, we do not offer products or funds explicitly marketed as ESG and/or sustainable
- $\circ~$ (C) Not applicable; we do not offer products or funds

Additional information: (Voluntary)

DIF's latest funds are classified as Article 8 under the European Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation. These funds make up ca. 30% of AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18.1	CORE	OO 18	00 18.2	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	1

Do any of your ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products and/or funds hold formal ESG and/or RI certification(s) or label(s) awarded by a third party?

• (A) Yes, our ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products and/or funds hold formal labels or certifications

(B) No, our ESG and/or sustainability-marketed products and/or funds do not hold formal labels or certifications



SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 21	CORE	Multiple indicators	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Summary of reporting requirements	GENERAL

The following table shows which modules are mandatory or voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules. Where a module is voluntary, indicate if you wish to report on it.

Applicable modules	(1) Mandatory to report (pre-filled based on previous responses)	(2.1) Voluntary to report. Yes, I want to opt-in to reporting on the module	(2.2) Voluntary to report. No, I want to opt-out of reporting on the module
Policy, Governance and Strategy	۲	0	0
Confidence Building Measures	۲	0	0
(K) Infrastructure	۲	0	0

OTHER ASSET BREAKDOWNS

INFRASTRUCTURE: OWNERSHIP LEVEL

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 27	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Infrastructure: Ownership level	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your organisation's infrastructure assets by the level of ownership?

☑ (A) A majority stake (more than 50%)
 Select from the list:

 ○ (1) >0 to 10%
 ○ (2) >10 to 50%

- (3) >50 to 75%
- **(4) >75%**
- ☑ (B) A significant minority stake (between 10–50%)





INFRASTRUCTURE: STRATEGY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 28	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Infrastructure: Strategy	GENERAL

What is the investment strategy for your infrastructure assets?

 ☑ (A) Core
 □ (B) Value added
 □ (C) Opportunistic
 ☑ (D) Other Specify:

Core-plus

INFRASTRUCTURE: TYPE OF ASSET

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 29	CORE	00 21	INF 1	PUBLIC	Infrastructure: Type of asset	GENERAL

What is the asset type of your infrastructure?

☑ (A) Greenfield

☑ (B) Brownfield



INFRASTRUCTURE: MANAGEMENT TYPE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 30	CORE	00 21	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Infrastructure: Management type	GENERAL

Who manages your infrastructure assets?

☑ (A) Direct management by our organisation

□ (B) Third-party infrastructure operators that our organisation appoints

 \Box (C) Other investors, infrastructure companies or their third-party operators

□ (D) Public or government entities or their third-party operators

SUBMISSION INFORMATION

REPORT DISCLOSURE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 32	CORE	00 3, 00 31	N/A	PUBLIC	Report disclosure	GENERAL

How would you like to disclose the detailed percentage figures you reported throughout the Reporting Framework?

• (A) Publish as absolute numbers

• (B) Publish as ranges



POLICY, GOVERNANCE AND STRATEGY (PGS)

POLICY

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY ELEMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 1	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1, 2

Which elements are covered in your formal responsible investment policy(ies)?

☑ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment

- (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- ☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors

(E) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes

- ☑ (F) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold
- ☑ (G) Guidelines on exclusions

☑ (H) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment

☑ (I) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees

☑ (J) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement

 \Box (K) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders

 \Box (M) Other responsible investment elements not listed here

• (N) Our organisation does not have a formal responsible investment policy and/or our policy(ies) do not cover any responsible investment elements

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 2	CORE	PGS 1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1

Does your formal responsible investment policy(ies) include specific guidelines on systematic sustainability issues?

(A) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)

(B) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)

☑ (C) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues Specify:



DIF addresses other systemic sustainability issues such as cybersecurity, biodiversity and decent work as part of its pre-investment due diligence as well as during the holding period of the investment. Guidelines on addressing such issues are addressed within DIFs ESG policy as part of the integration of ESG within our investment cycle as well as a description of relevant internal Tools (e.g. DIF's Intrinsic Benefit Tool, which is applied to DIF's Article 8 (SFDR) Funds to identify impact of the Fund's investments mapped against relevant SDGs using the IFC's EHS Guidelines & UNEP FI's Risk Briefings).

• (D) Our formal responsible investment policy(ies) does not include guidelines on systematic sustainability issues

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 3	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	6

Which elements of your formal responsible investment policy(ies) are publicly available?

- ☑ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
 - Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors

Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

C) Guidelines on social factors Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

(D) Guidelines on governance factors Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

(E) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

☑ (F) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors) Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

☑ (G) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors) Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

☑ (H) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

☑ (I) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold



Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

☑ (J) Guidelines on exclusions

Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

- \Box (K) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment
- $\ensuremath{\square}$ (L) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees
 - Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

(M) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement Add link:

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

• (Q) No elements of our formal responsible investment policy(ies) are publicly available

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 5	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	2

Which elements are covered in your organisation's policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship?

- ☑ (A) Overall stewardship objectives
- (B) Prioritisation of specific ESG factors to be advanced via stewardship activities

☑ (C) Criteria used by our organisation to prioritise the investees, policy makers, key stakeholders, or other entities on which to focus our stewardship efforts

- (D) How different stewardship tools and activities are used across the organisation
- \Box (E) Approach to escalation in stewardship

(F) Approach to collaboration in stewardship

G (G) Conflicts of interest related to stewardship

(H) How stewardship efforts and results are communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decisionmaking and vice versa

□ (I) Other

• (J) None of the above elements is captured in our policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship



RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY COVERAGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle		
PGS 8	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1		
What percentage of your total AUM is covered by the below elements of your responsible investment policy(ies)?								
			Combined AU	M coverage of	all policy elements			
factors (C) Guideline				(7) 100%				
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle		
PGS 9	CORE	PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1		
What proved								
	on of your AUM is cove stainability issues?	red by your forma	l policies or gu	idelines on cli	nate change, human ri	ghts, or other		
		red by your forma	I policies or gu	idelines on clii AUM covera	-	ghts, or other		
systematic su		red by your forma	· · ·		ge	ghts, or other		



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 10	CORE	OO 8, OO 9, PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	2

Per asset class, what percentage of your AUM is covered by your policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship with investees?

☑ (E) Infrastructure

- (1) Percentage of AUM covered
 - (1) >0% to 10%
 - (2) >10% to 20%
 - (3) >20% to 30%
 - (4) >30% to 40%
 - (5) >40% to 50%
 - (6) >50% to 60%
 - (7) >60% to 70%
 - (1) >00 % to 70 %
 (8) >70% to 80%
 - (9) >80% to 90%
 - (9) >80% to 90%
 (10) >90% to <100%
 - (11) 100%

GOVERNANCE

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Which senior level body(ies) or role(s) in your organisation have formal oversight over and accountability for responsible investment?

- ☑ (A) Board members, trustees, or equivalent
- ☑ (B) Senior executive-level staff, or equivalent

Specify:

Partner and Head of Value Creation oversees the ESG team and has clear oversight and responsibility. Additionally, DIF has a dedicated ESG Committee. DIF's Executive Committee members form an integral part of the ESG Committee. Within the Executive Committee the Deputy CEO has formal responsibility over ESG

☑ (C) Investment committee, or equivalent



Specify:

An Investment Committee (IC) approves/declines any financial commitments (immediate or contingent) of a Fund, including but not limited to Initial investment proposals, Proposals to enter into commitments to additionally invest in an asset or project company and Proposals to (partially) sell a participation in an asset or existing project company. The IC will convene on an as/when needed basis. The t proposals considered by IC include a ESG section and covers material ESG risks/opportunities.

☑ (D) Head of department, or equivalent

Specify department:

Head of ESG

• (E) None of the above bodies and roles have oversight over and accountability for responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.1	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2, PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1, 2

Does your organisation's senior level body(ies) or role(s) have formal oversight over and accountability for the elements covered in your responsible investment policy(ies)?

	(1) Board members, trustees, or equivalent	(2) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department, or equivalent
(A) Overall approach to responsible investment		
(B) Guidelines on environmental, social and/or governance factors		
(C) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes		
(D) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)		
(E) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)		



(F) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues		
(G) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold		
(H) Guidelines on exclusions		
(I) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment		
(J) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees		
(K) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement		
(N) This role has no formal oversight over and accountability for any of the above elements covered in our responsible investment policy(ies)	o	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1-6

Does your organisation have governance processes or structures to ensure that your overall political engagement is aligned with your commitment to the principles of PRI, including any political engagement conducted by third parties on your behalf?

(A) Yes

Describe how you do this:

As defined in our ESG Policy: DIF itself does not undertake political engagement. Political engagement only occurs through commitments, memberships or partnerships. These must be approved by the ExCo or a relevant committee with delegated authority per the DIF Governance Regulations. Where political engagement is part of the industry body's mandate, the ExCo or appropriate committee should ensure that the scope of the mandate aligns with DIF's commitments to the principles of PRI.

• (B) No



• (C) Not applicable, our organisation does not conduct any form of political engagement directly or through any third parties

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 12	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

In your organisation, which internal or external roles are responsible for implementing your approach to responsible investment?

☑ (A) Internal role(s)

Specify:

DIF has a dedicated ESG team that develops and maintains tools and procedures for integrating ESG into the investment cycle. This includes working together and assisting other teams like Investor Relations, Origination, Value Creation, Exits and Reporting with ESG related topics. The Origination team is responsible for implementing ESG procedures pre-investment, while the Value Creation team is responsible for implementing ESG procedures during the holding period.

□ (B) External investment managers, service providers, or other external partners or suppliers

• (C) We do not have any internal or external roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 13	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your board members, trustees, or equivalent?

• (A) Yes, we use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or equivalent

Describe: (Voluntary)

• (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or equivalent

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 14	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1



Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and are these KPIs linked to compensation?

(A) Yes, we use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our senior executive-level staff (or equivalent)

Indicate whether these responsible investment KPIs are linked to compensation

- (1) KPIs are linked to compensation
- \circ (2) KPIs are not linked to compensation as these roles do not have variable compensation
- (3) KPIs are not linked to compensation even though these roles have variable compensation

Describe: (Voluntary)

DIF's remuneration policy reflects its objectives for good corporate governance and sustained and long-term value creation for the investors in its funds. Performance-based remuneration is awarded in a manner consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management. It does not encourage excessive risk-taking, which is inconsistent with the risk profiles, rules and instruments of incorporation of the DIF Funds. Non-financial targets in support of performance-based remuneration include KPIs which are linked to achieving DIF's ESG objectives relevant to the department or seniority level within the organization. All of DIF's staff should contribute to the implementation of DIF's ESG Policy and ESG objectives as relevant to their role. DIF's Senior Leadership (Partners and Managing Directors) has annual KPIs linked to the objectives of achieving Net Zero by 2050 (operations and investment portfolio), promoting Diversity, Equity and Inclusion, ensuring operational compliance with relevant ESG regulation and being "best in class" in responsible investment relative to our peers.

• (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our senior executive-level staff (or equivalent)

EXTERNAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 16	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

What elements are included in your regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of your AUM?

- (A) Any changes in policies related to responsible investment
- (B) Any changes in governance or oversight related to responsible investment
- ☑ (C) Stewardship-related commitments
- (D) Progress towards stewardship-related commitments
- (E) Climate-related commitments
- ☑ (F) Progress towards climate-related commitments
- \Box (G) Human rights-related commitments
- \Box (H) Progress towards human rights–related commitments
- ☑ (I) Commitments to other systematic sustainability issues

☑ (J) Progress towards commitments on other systematic sustainability issues

• (K) We do not include any of these elements in our regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of our AUM



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose climate-related information in line with the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures' (TCFD) recommendations?

☑ (A) Yes, including all governance-related recommended disclosures

(B) Yes, including all strategy-related recommended disclosures

(C) Yes, including all risk management-related recommended disclosures

(D) Yes, including all applicable metrics and targets-related recommended disclosures

 \circ (E) None of the above

Add link(s):

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate Report 2022.pdf

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 19	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose its membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement?

• (A) Yes, we publicly disclosed our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement

Add link(s):

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf

• (B) No, we did not publicly disclose our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement

• (C) Not applicable, we were not members in or supporters of any trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement during the reporting year



STRATEGY

CAPITAL ALLOCATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 20	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1

Which elements do your organisation-level exclusions cover?

□ (A) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs regarding particular sectors, products or services

□ (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs regarding particular regions or countries

(C) Exclusions based on minimum standards of business practice aligned with international norms such as the OECD

Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the International Bill of Human Rights, UN Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact

 \Box (D) Exclusions based on our organisation's climate change commitments

(E) Other elements

Specify:

As is common practice in the closed-ended fund mandates that DIF manages exclusions are formally defined within the legal agreements of the respective fund. Within this context DIF has a standardized list of five exclusions that are included by default in each new fund, with individual funds defining additional exclusions as applicable. All DIF funds are excluded from making investments with the following business activities:

(i) the manufacturing of or trading in weapons, (ii) in the gambling industry, (iii) in tobacco production, manufacturing or the production or marketing of tobacco products, (iv) in pornography, or (v) in nuclear energy projects;

\circ (F) Not applicable; our organisation does not have any organisation-level exclusions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 21	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1

How does your responsible investment approach influence your strategic asset allocation process?

(A) We incorporate ESG factors into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

□ (B) We incorporate climate change–related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

□ (C) We incorporate human rights–related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

□ (D) We incorporate risks and opportunities related to other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

• (E) We do not incorporate ESG factors, climate change, human rights or other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

• (F) Not applicable; we do not have a strategic asset allocation process



STEWARDSHIP: OVERALL STEWARDSHIP STRATEGY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 22	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

For the majority of AUM within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

	(5) Infrastructure
(A) Maximise our portfolio-level risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.	۲
(B) Maximise our individual investments' risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we do not seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.	o

STEWARDSHIP: ENGAGEMENT WITH POLICY MAKERS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	PGS 39.1, PGS 39.2	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

Did your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach during the reporting year?

 \Box (A) Yes, we engaged with policy makers directly



☑ (B) Yes, we engaged with policy makers through the leadership of or active participation in working groups or collaborative initiatives, including via the PRI

☑ (C) Yes, we were members of, supported, or were in another way affiliated with third party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policy makers, excluding the PRI

• (D) We did not engage with policy makers directly or indirectly during the reporting year beyond our membership in the PRI

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.1	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

During the reporting year, what methods did you, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use to engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach?

- \Box (A) We participated in 'sign-on' letters
- (B) We responded to policy consultations

(C) We provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working groups

Describe:

DIF is both a member of the IIGCC and the GIIA, who act on our behalf in conducting policy engagement, including providing technical input to government- or regulator-backed working groups. As an example, GIIA has been involved in the Investor Dialogue on Energy established by the European Commission.

- \Box (D) We engaged policy makers on our own initiative
- □ (E) Other methods

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.2	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose details of your engagement with policy makers conducted as part of your responsible investment approach, including through external investment managers or service providers?

☑ (A) We publicly disclosed all our policy positions

Add link(s):

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf https://giia.net/news https://giia.net/policy

☑ (B) We publicly disclosed details of our engagements with policy makers Add link(s):



https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-DIF-ESG-Policy.pdf https://giia.net/news https://giia.net/policy

 \circ (C) No, we did not publicly disclose details of our engagement with policy makers conducted as part of our responsible investment approach during the reporting year

CLIMATE CHANGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41	CORE	N/A	PGS 41.1	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Has your organisation identified climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments?

☑ (A) Yes, within our standard planning horizon

Specify the risks and opportunities identified and your relevant standard planning horizon:

DIF has published a TCFD report which is publicly available at https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf. This TCFD report is aligned with the TCFD recommendations including Strategy a) under the header "Identifying climate-related risks and opportunities". This section covers the timeframes considered in the identification of climaterelated risks (both within and beyond the standard planning horizon) and the risks and opportunities identified for these respective timeframes. For full detail please refer to the TCFD report.

(B) Yes, beyond our standard planning horizon

Specify the risks and opportunities identified and your relevant standard planning horizon:

DIF has published a TCFD report which is publicly available at https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf. This TCFD report is aligned with the TCFD recommendations including Strategy a) under the header "Identifying climate-related risks and opportunities". This section covers the timeframes considered in the identification of climaterelated risks (both within and beyond the standard planning horizon) and the risks and opportunities identified for these respective timeframes. For full detail please refer to the TCFD report.

• (C) No, we have not identified climate-related risks and/or opportunities affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41.1	CORE	PGS 41	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Does your organisation integrate climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments in its overall investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products?

(A) Yes, our overall investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products integrate climate-related risks and opportunities

Describe how climate-related risks and opportunities have affected or are expected to affect your investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products:



DIF has published a TCFD report which is publicly available at https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf. This TCFD report is aligned with the TCFD recommendations including Strategy b) under the header "Impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy and financial planning". This section covers how climate-related risks and opportunities have affected our investment strategy, business and financial planning. For full detail please refer to the TCFD report.

• (B) No, our organisation has not yet integrated climate-related risks and opportunities into its investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 43	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Has your organisation assessed the resilience of its investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one in which the average temperature rise is held to below 2 degrees Celsius (preferably to 1.5 degrees Celsius) above preindustrial levels?

(A) Yes, using the Inevitable Policy Response Forecast Policy Scenario (FPS) or Required Policy Scenario (RPS)

 \Box (B) Yes, using the One Earth Climate Model scenario

☑ (C) Yes, using the International Energy Agency (IEA) Net Zero scenario

Image: (D) Yes, using other scenarios

Specify:

DIF has also considered the resilience of its investment strategy to physical risks based on the Representative Concentration Pathway 8.5 scenario. More detail on this scenario is provided in our TCFD report: https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf

• (E) No, we have not assessed the resilience of our investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one that holds temperature rise to below 2 degrees

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 44	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Does your organisation have a process to identify, assess, and manage the climate-related risks (potentially) affecting your investments?

(A) Yes, we have a process to identify and assess climate-related risks

(1) Describe your process

DIF has published a TCFD report which is publicly available at https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf. This TCFD report is aligned with the TCFD recommendations including Risk Management a) & b) under the header "Processes for identifying and managing climate-related risks". This section describes processes implemented by DIF for identifying and managing climate-related risks. For full detail please refer to the TCFD report

(2) Describe how this process is integrated into your overall risk management



DIF has published a TCFD report which is publicly available at https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf. This TCFD report is aligned with the TCFD recommendations including Risk Management c) under the header "Integration of climate-related risks into DIF's Risk Management Framework". This section describes the integration of climate-related risks into our risk management framework. For full detail please refer to the TCFD report.

(B) Yes, we have a process to manage climate-related risks

(1) Describe your process

DIF has published a TCFD report which is publicly available at https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf. This TCFD report is aligned with the TCFD recommendations including Risk Management a) & b) under the header "Processes for identifying and managing climate-related risks". This section describes processes implemented by DIF for identifying and managing climate-related risks. For full detail please refer to the TCFD report

(2) Describe how this process is integrated into your overall risk management

DIF has published a TCFD report which is publicly available at https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf. This TCFD report is aligned with the TCFD recommendations including Risk Management c) under the header "Integration of climate-related risks into DIF's Risk Management Framework". This section describes the integration of climate-related risks into our risk management framework. For full detail please refer to the TCFD report.

• (C) No, we do not have any processes to identify, assess, or manage the climate-related risks affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 45	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, which of the following climate risk metrics or variables affecting your investments did your organisation use and disclose?

☑ (A) Exposure to physical risk

- (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - $\circ~$ (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- (2) Provide link to the disclosed metric or variable, including the methodology followed, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf

(B) Exposure to transition risk

- (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - \circ (1) Metric or variable used
 - (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- (2) Provide link to the disclosed metric or variable, including the methodology followed, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate Report 2022.pdf

- \Box (C) Internal carbon price
- ☑ (D) Total carbon emissions



- (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- (2) Provide link to the disclosed metric or variable, including the methodology followed, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf

(E) Weighted average carbon intensity

- (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
 - (2) Provide link to the disclosed metric or variable, including the methodology followed, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf

- □ (F) Avoided emissions
- □ (G) Implied Temperature Rise (ITR)

(II) Non-ITR measure of portfolio alignment with UNFCCC Paris Agreement goals

- (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - \circ (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology

(2) Provide link to the disclosed metric or variable, including the methodology followed, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf

 \Box (I) Proportion of assets or other business activities aligned with climate-related opportunities

 \Box (J) Other metrics or variables

• (K) Our organisation did not use or disclose any climate risk metrics or variables affecting our investments during the reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 46	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, did your organisation disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, and/or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions?

☑ (A) Scope 1 emissions

- (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric disclosed
 - (2) Metric and methodology disclosed
- (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate Report 2022.pdf

☑ (B) Scope 2 emissions

- (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric disclosed
 - (2) Metric and methodology disclosed



(2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf

- (C) Scope 3 emissions (including financed emissions)
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric disclosed
 - (2) Metric and methodology disclosed
 - (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://www.dif.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/20230630-Climate_Report_2022.pdf

• (D) Our organisation did not disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions during the reporting year

SUSTAINABILITY OUTCOMES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

(A) Yes, we have identified one or more specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities

• (B) No, we have not yet identified the sustainability outcomes connected to any of our investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.1	CORE	PGS 47	N/A	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which widely recognised frameworks has your organisation used to identify the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

☑ (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets

(B) The UNFCCC Paris Agreement

☑ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)

☑ (D) OECD frameworks: OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and Guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors

□ (E) The EU Taxonomy

 \Box (F) Other relevant taxonomies

 \Box (G) The International Bill of Human Rights

(H) The International Labour Organization's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the eight core conventions

 \Box (I) The Convention on Biological Diversity

☑ (J) Other international framework(s)



Specify:

DIF has developed the Intrinsic Benefits Tool which builds on the UNEP FI impact radar methodology and holistically measures positive and negative impacts associated with infrastructure investments based on sector and geography

 \Box (K) Other regional framework(s)

 \Box (L) Other sectoral/issue-specific framework(s)

 \circ (M) Our organisation did not use any widely recognised frameworks to identify the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.2	CORE	PGS 47	PGS 48	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

What are the primary methods that your organisation has used to determine the most important intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

(A) Identify sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to our core investment activities

 \square (B) Consult with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities

☑ (C) Assess which actual or potential negative outcomes for people are most severe based on their scale, scope, and irremediable character

(D) Identify sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to systematic sustainability issues

(E) Analyse the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society, trade unions or similar)

☑ (F) Understand the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives

 \Box (G) Other method

• (H) We have not yet determined the most important sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 48	CORE	PGS 47.2	PGS 48.1, SO 1	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities, including to prevent and mitigate actual and potential negative outcomes?

(A) Yes, we have taken action on some of the specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities

• (B) No, we have not yet taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities



INFRASTRUCTURE (INF)

POLICY

INVESTMENT GUIDELINES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 1	CORE	OO 21, OO 29, OO 30	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What infrastructure-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policy(ies)?

(A) Guidelines on our ESG approach tailored to each infrastructure sector and geography where we invest

- **(B)** Guidelines on our ESG approach to greenfield investments
- (C) Guidelines on our ESG approach to brownfield investments
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on pre-investment screening
- (E) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into short-term or 100-day plans (or equivalent)
- ☑ (F) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into long-term value-creation efforts
- (H) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to the workforce
- $\hfill\square$ (I) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to third-party operators
- $\hfill\square$ (J) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to contractors

☑ (K) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to other external stakeholders, e.g. governments, local communities, and end-users

 \circ (L) Our responsible investment policy(ies) does not cover infrastructure-specific ESG guidelines

FUNDRAISING

COMMITMENTS TO INVESTORS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 2	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of the funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs), side letters, or other constitutive fund documents?

(A) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs (or equivalent) as a standard default procedure

- (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs (or equivalent) upon a client's request
- (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon a client's request
- o (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year
- (E) Not applicable; we have not raised funds in the last five years



PRE-INVESTMENT

MATERIALITY ANALYSIS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 3	CORE	00 21	INF 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential infrastructure investments?

${\ensuremath{ \bullet}}$ (A) We assessed ESG materiality at the asset level, as each case is unique

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (B) We performed a mix of industry-level and asset-level ESG materiality analyses
- (C) We assessed ESG materiality at the industry level only
- (D) We did not conduct ESG materiality analysis for our potential infrastructure investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 3.1	CORE	INF 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential infrastructure investments?

□ (A) We used GRI standards to inform our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

(B) We used SASB standards to inform our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

(C) We used the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to inform our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

□ (D) We used the GRESB Materiality Assessment (RC7) or similar to inform our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

(E) We used the environmental and social factors detailed in the IFC Performance Standards (or similar standards used by development finance institutions) in our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

(F) We used climate disclosures, such as the TCFD recommendations or other climate risk and/or exposure analysis tools, to inform our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

☑ (G) We used the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs) to inform our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

□ (H) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

 \Box (I) We engaged with existing owners and/or managers (or developers for new infrastructure assets) to inform our infrastructure ESG materiality analysis

□ (J) Other



DUE DILIGENCE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 4	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did material ESG factors influence the selection of your infrastructure investments?

- ☑ (A) Material ESG factors were used to identify risks
 - Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
 - $\circ~$ (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
 - (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (B) Material ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments

C) Material ESG factors were used to identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\ensuremath{\square}$ (D) Material ESG factors were used to identify opportunities for value creation

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (E) Material ESG factors informed our decision to abandon potential investments in the due diligence phase in cases where ESG risks were considered too high to mitigate

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (F) Material ESG factors impacted investments in terms of the price offered and/or paid

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (G) Material ESG factors did not influence the selection of our infrastructure investments



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 5	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

Once material ESG factors have been identified, what processes do you use to conduct due diligence on these factors for potential infrastructure investments?

(A) We conduct a high-level or desktop review against an ESG checklist for initial red flags Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- \Box (B) We send detailed ESG questionnaires to target assets
- (C) We hire third-party consultants to do technical due diligence on specific material ESG factors
 - Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
 - (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
 - (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- ☑ (D) We conduct site visits
- Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
 - (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
 - \circ (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (E) We conduct in-depth interviews with management and/or personnel

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- \Box (F) We conduct detailed external stakeholder analyses and/or engagement
- ☑ (G) We incorporate ESG due diligence findings in all of our relevant investment process documentation in the same

manner as other key due diligence, e.g. commercial, accounting and legal

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments
- Image: (H) Our investment committee (or an equivalent decision-making body) is ultimately responsible for ensuring all ESG due diligence is completed in the same manner as for other key due diligence, e.g. commercial, accounting and legal Select from dropdown list

• (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments

- (2) for a majority of our potential infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential infrastructure investments

□ (I) Other

· (J) We do not conduct due diligence on material ESG factors for potential infrastructure investments



POST-INVESTMENT

MONITORING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 9	CORE	00 21	INF 9.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

During the reporting year, did you track one or more KPIs on material ESG factors across your infrastructure investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we tracked KPIs on environmental factors

Percentage of infrastructure assets this applies to:

- (1) >0 to 10%
- (2) >10 to 50%
- (3) >50 to 75%
- (4) >75 to 95%
- **(5) >95%**

(B) Yes, we tracked KPIs on social factors

Percentage of infrastructure assets this applies to:

- (1) >0 to 10%
- (2) >10 to 50%
- (3) >50 to 75%
- (4) >75 to 95%
- **(5) >95**%

(C) Yes, we tracked KPIs on governance factors

Percentage of infrastructure assets this applies to:

- (1) >0 to 10%
- (2) >10 to 50%
- (3) >50 to 75%
- (4) >75 to 95%
- (5) >95%

• (D) We did not track KPIs on material ESG factors across our infrastructure investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 10	CORE	OO 21, OO 30	INF 10.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

What processes do you have in place to support meeting your targets on material ESG factors for your infrastructure investments?

☑ (A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of assets against sector

performance

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- $\circ~$ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments



(B) We implement international best practice standards such as the IFC Performance Standards to guide ongoing assessments and analyses

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

(C) We implement certified environmental and social management systems across our portfolio

- Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
 - (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
 - (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

☑ (D) We make sufficient budget available to ensure that the systems and procedures needed are established Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- (E) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems, and procedures

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- ☑ (G) We develop minimum health and safety standards
 - Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
 - (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
 - \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

☑ (H) We conduct ongoing engagement with all key stakeholders, e.g. local communities, NGOs, governments, and endusers

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

(I) Other

• (J) We do not have processes in place to help meet our targets on material ESG factors for our infrastructure investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 11	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

Post-investment, how do you manage material ESG risks and ESG opportunities to create value during the holding period of your investments?

☑ (A) We develop asset-specific ESG action plans based on pre-investment research, due diligence and materiality findings

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- (B) We adjust our ESG action plans based on performance monitoring findings at least yearly



Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

☑ (C) We, or the external advisors that we hire, support our infrastructure investments with specific ESG value-creation opportunities

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

□ (D) Other

• (E) We do not manage material ESG risks and opportunities post-investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 14	CORE	00 21	INF 14.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

How do you ensure that adequate ESG-related competence exists at the asset level?

☑ (A) We assign our board responsibility for ESG matters

Select from dropdown list

(1) for all of our infrastructure investments

- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- (B) We ensure that material ESG matters are discussed by our board at least yearly

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

☑ (C) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the asset to C-suite executives only

Select from dropdown list

 \circ (1) for all of our infrastructure investments

- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

☑ (D) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the asset to employees (excl. C-suite executives)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

(E) We support the asset by finding external ESG expertise, e.g. consultants or auditors

- Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
 - (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
 - (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

☑ (F) We share best practices across assets, e.g. educational sessions and the implementation of environmental and social management systems



Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- ☑ (G) We apply penalties or incentives to improve ESG performance in management remuneration schemes Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
 - (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
 - (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

□ (H) Other

 \circ (I) We do not ensure that adequate ESG-related competence exists at the asset level

EXIT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 16	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6

During the reporting year, what responsible investment information was shared with potential buyers of infrastructure investments?

(A) Our firm's high-level commitment to responsible investment, e.g. that we are a PRI signatory

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- (B) A description of what industry and asset class standards our firm aligns with, e.g. TCFD or GRESB
 - Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
 - \circ (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
 - \circ (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- ☑ (C) Our firm's responsible investment policy (at minimum, a summary of key aspects and firm-specific approach) Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
 - $\circ~$ (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
 - (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- Image: Displaying the second secon

(1) for all of our infrastructure investments

- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

(E) The outcome of our latest ESG risk assessment on the asset or portfolio company

- Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
 - \circ (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
 - (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments
- (F) Key ESG performance data on the asset or portfolio company being sold



Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our infrastructure investments
- (2) for a majority of our infrastructure investments
- (3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments

□ (G) Other

 \circ (H) No responsible investment information was shared with potential buyers of infrastructure investments during the reporting year

• (I) Not applicable; we had no sales process (or control over the sales process) during the reporting year

DISCLOSURE OF ESG PORTFOLIO INFORMATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 17	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Disclosure of ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report your targets on material ESG factors and related data to your investors?

☑ (A) We reported through a publicly-disclosed sustainability report

(B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors

(C) We reported at the asset level through formal reporting to investors

☑ (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee (or equivalent)

(E) We reported at digital or physical events or meetings with investors

(F) We had a process in place to ensure that reporting on serious ESG incidents occurred

□ (G) Other

• (H) We did not report our targets on material ESG factors and related data to our investors during the reporting year

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES (CBM)

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

APPROACH TO CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
CBM 1	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Approach to confidence-building measures	6

How did your organisation verify the information submitted in your PRI report this reporting year?

(A) We conducted independent third-party assurance of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion
 (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls or governance processes to be able to conduct independent third-party assurance next year



 \Box (C) We conducted an internal audit of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report

☑ (D) Our board, trustees (or equivalent), senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and/or investment committee (or equivalent) signed off on our PRI report

 \Box (E) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to verify that our funds comply with our responsible investment policy \Box (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making

G) Our responses in selected sections and/or the entirety of our PRI report were internally reviewed before submission to the PRI

• (H) We did not verify the information submitted in our PRI report this reporting year

THIRD-PARTY EXTERNAL ASSURANCE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
CBM 2	CORE	OO 21, CBM 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Third-party external assurance	6

For which responsible investment processes and/or data did your organisation conduct third-party external assurance?

☑ (A) Policy, governance and strategy

- Select from dropdown list:
 - (1) Data assured
 - (2) Processes assured
 - (3) Processes and data assured

☑ (G) Infrastructure

- Select from dropdown list:
 - (1) Data assured
 - \circ (2) Processes assured
 - (3) Processes and data assured

INTERNAL REVIEW

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
CBM 6	CORE	CBM 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Internal review	6

Who in your organisation reviewed the responses submitted in your PRI report this year?

☑ (A) Board, trustees, or equivalent

Sections of PRI report reviewed

(1) the entire report

• (2) selected sections of the report

(B) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department, or equivalent



Sections of PRI report reviewed

(1) the entire report

• (2) selected sections of the report

• (C) None of the above internal roles reviewed selected sections or the entirety of the responses submitted in our PRI report this year

